

Espalier Heritage School
Academic Year 2025 - 2026

Annual Curriculum Pedagogy Assessment Plan
Class - IX
SUBJECT : MATHS

MONTHS: APRIL & MAY					
CHAPTER / TOPIC	LEARNING OBJECTIVE		ACTIVITIES & RESOURCES	EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS
	KNOWLEDGE BASED	APPLICATION BASED			
<p>Chapter-1 Number System</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to Number Systems • Irrational Numbers • Real Numbers and Their Decimal Expansions • Operations on Real Numbers • Laws of Exponents for Real Numbers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Express a given number as p/q to determine its rationality. • Transform a non-terminating decimal into the fraction p/q format to ascertain its rationality. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compute and identify additional rational numbers between any two given rational numbers, demonstrating that there exists an infinite set of rational numbers within any given pair. • Modify the denominator of a given expression containing a square root to rationalize it, resulting in an equivalent expression with a rational denominator. • Extend the laws of exponents to simplify a given expression. 	<p>Activity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create a spiral using square roots. <p>Resources:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCERT textbook of Mathematics • Extra Reference Book 	<p>Logical Skills</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write the rational numbers between given two rational numbers. • Represent different rational and irrational numbers on the number line. • Rationalize the denominator of the given real number. • Solve the problems with exponents and radicals. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Problem Solving (M.C.Q, Class Quiz) • Word Problems • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS (Case study)

<p>Chapter-3 Co-ordinate Geometry</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to Coordinate Geometry • Cartesian Plane • Plotting a Point in the Plane if its coordinates are given. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plot a point on the Cartesian plane to identify the quadrant in which the point is located. • Analyse a provided set of coordinates to make observations about its placement. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply concepts of coordinate geometry in order to simplify given word problems. 	<p>Activity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To obtain the mirror images of the given geometrical figure with respect to the x-axis and y-axis on a graph paper. <p>Resources:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCERT textbook of Mathematics • Extra Reference Book 	<p>Strategic thinking skills</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develops strategies from understanding of coordinate geometry in order to locate points in a Cartesian plane. 	<p>• Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS <p>(Case study)</p>
<p>Chapter-6 Lines and Angles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Terms and Definitions • Intersecting Lines and Non-Intersecting Lines • Pairs of Angles • Lines Parallel to the Same Line 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define segment, ray, collinear points, non-collinear points, acute angle, right angle, obtuse angle, straight angle, reflex angle, complementary angles, and supplementary angles to facilitate their identification within a given diagram. • Mark angles formed by the intersection of two lines to recognize vertically opposite pairs, adjacent angles, linear pairs, and pairs of angles that are complementary or supplementary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the values of unknown angles formed by a transversal in a given figure to deduce the parallelism of lines. • Establish the connection between angles formed when a triangle is positioned between two parallel lines, demonstrating that the exterior angle of a triangle is equivalent to the sum of its two opposite interior angles. 	<p>Activity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that if a side of a triangle is produced the exterior angle so formed is equal to the sum of the two interior opposite angles. <p>Resources:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCERT textbook of Mathematics • Extra Reference Book. 	<p>Students will be able to understand:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The different types of angles with their diagram • Linear Pair of Angles, Supplementary Angles, Complementary Angles and Adjacent Angles. • Different types of lines • Concept of parallel lines and transversal. 	<p>• Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS <p>(Case study)</p>

<p>Chapter -7 Triangles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Congruence of Triangles • Criteria for Congruence of Triangles • Some Properties of a Triangle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examine the angles and sides of the provided figures to demonstrate their congruence or lack of congruence. • Illustrate the criteria for triangle congruence, including ASA, SAS, SSS, and RHS, through diagrams to establish relationships between given angles, sides, and triangles in a given figure. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply the congruence criteria for a triangle with two equal sides to establish the equality of the angles opposite those sides. • Implement this principle in given figure to find the measurement of an angle 	<p>Resources:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E - Modules • NCERT textbook of Mathematics • Extra Reference Book 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students acquire knowledge and critical understanding particularly by the way of motivation and visualization. • They develop higher order thinking skills by identifying Axioms of congruency of triangles for various figures. 	<p>• Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Word Problems • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS (Case study)
<p>Chapter-10 Heron's Formula</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Area of a Triangle by Heron's formula • Application of Heron's Formula in finding Areas of Quadrilateral. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the area of a provided triangle and articulate the constraints or limitations associated with the standard formula. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply Heron's formula in order to calculate the area of a Triangle. • Decompose a provided polygon into triangles to determine the total area of the polygon as the sum of the areas of those individual triangles. 	<p>Activity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify the area of triangles using heron's formula. <p>Resources:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCERT textbook of Mathematics • Extra Reference Book 	<p>HOTS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applies appropriate formulae in order to find areas of all types of triangles. 	<p>• Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Word Problems • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS (Case study)

MONTHS: JULY & AUGUST					
CHAPTER / TOPIC	LEARNING OBJECTIVE		ACTIVITIES & RESOURCES	EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS
	KNOWLEDGE BASED	APPLICATION BASED			
Chapter-2 Polynomials • Introduction to Polynomials • Polynomials in One Variable • Zeros of a Polynomial • Factorization of Polynomials • Algebraic Identities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define and articulate the concept of polynomials, recognizing terms, coefficients, and degrees. Evaluate the polynomial $p(x)$ at the provided values for the variable 'x' to determine if the given value is a root of the polynomial. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Factor a given polynomial using both the splitting middle-term method and the factor theorem to compare the outcomes of the two methods. Apply polynomial expressions to solve problems in everyday scenarios, such as calculating areas, volumes, or rates of change. 	Resources <ul style="list-style-type: none"> E - Modules NCERT textbook of Mathematics Extra Reference Book 	Analytical and Problem-Solving Skills <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distinguish and categorize polynomials within algebraic expressions to apply suitable algebraic identities for their factorization. 	• Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS (Case study)
Chapter-4 Linear Equation in Two Variables • Linear Equations • Solutions of Linear Equations • Applications of Linear Equations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Examine a provided linear equation and compare it to the standard form $ax + by + c = 0$ to deduce the values of a, b, and c. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply principles of linear equations in order to formulate and solve for a variety of problems in real life situations. 	Activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will create real world problems based on linear equations. Resources: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NCERT textbook of Mathematics Extra Reference Book. 	Students will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct linear equations representing real-life situations, translating verbal descriptions into mathematical expressions. 	• Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Word Problems • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS (Case study)
Chapter -12 Statistics • Frequency Table • Bar Graph, Histogram • Frequency Polygon	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read a given bar graph/ histograms in order to infer a variety of information from it. Read the given data in order to create a frequency polygon for given data sets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyses data by representing it in different forms like bar graph, histogram and frequency polygon. 	Resources: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> E - Modules NCERT textbook of Mathematics Extra Reference Book 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Presentation/Analytical skills Represents given data in different forms like, tabular form, bar graph, histogram Frequency polygon in order to analyse given data 	• Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Word Problems • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS (Case study)

Chapter – 5 Introduction to Euclid's Geometry • Introduction • Euclid's Definitions, Axioms and Postulates	• Reproduce Euclid's axioms in your own words in order to give examples for each.	• Apply Euclid's postulates in order to prove basic geometrical concepts about lines, points, planes, shapes etc.	Resources: • E – Modules • NCERT textbook of Mathematics • Extra Reference Book	• HOTS • Applies axiomatic approach to geometrical concepts in order to solve problems using them.	• Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz) • Notebook • Class Test • HOTS (Case study)
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MONTHS: SEPTEMBER & OCTOBER					
CHAPTER / TOPIC	LEARNING OBJECTIVE		ACTIVITIES & RESOURCES	EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS
	KNOWLEDGE BASED	APPLICATION BASED			
Chapter – 8 Quadrilaterals • Properties of a Parallelogram • The Mid-Point Theorem	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enumerate the characteristics of quadrilaterals to categorize real-world objects into various types of four-sided figures. List the properties of parallelogram to ascertain if a given quadrilateral exhibits the properties associated with parallelogram. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply the property of the sum of angles in a quadrilateral to find the measure of the unknown angle. Prove the midpoint theorem of triangles using concepts of congruency and transversal angles in order to extend the application to Quadrilaterals. 	Activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To Verify Mid-Point Theorem for a triangle. Resources: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NCERT textbook of Mathematics Extra Reference Book 	HOTS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply an axiomatic approach to deduce proofs for mathematical statements, particularly those related to quadrilaterals, for problem-solving purposes. 	Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Word Problems Notebook Class Test HOTS (Case study)
Chapter – 11 Surface Areas and Volumes • Surface Area of a Right Circular Cone • Surface Area of a Sphere • Volume of a Right Circular Cone • Volume of a Sphere	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Visualize a right circular cone in 2-D in order to calculate the surface area (curved and total) Visualize a sphere in 2-D in order to calculate the surface area (curved and total) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Calculate the surface area (curved and total) of the given shape to determine the cost of painting/covering the given surface. Calculate the volume of the given shape in order to infer the quantity of any substance it can hold 	Activity: Students will be able to relate and apply the formula to real-world objects. Resources: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NCERT textbook of Mathematics Extra Reference Book 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Problem Solving Skills Derives formulas for surface areas and volumes of different solid objects like cones, spheres and hemispheres in order to apply them to objects found in the surroundings. 	Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Word Problems Notebook Class Test HOTS (Case study)

MONTHS: NOVEMBER & DECEMBER					
CHAPTER / TOPIC	LEARNING OBJECTIVE		ACTIVITIES & RESOURCES	EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS
	KNOWLEDGE BASED	APPLICATION BASED			
Chapter – 9 Circles <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Angle subtended by a chord of a point. Perpendicular from the Centre to a chord Equal chords and their distances from the centre Angle subtended by an arc of a circle. Cyclic Quadrilaterals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define radius, chord, diameter, segment (major and minor), arc (major and minor), interior or exterior of a circle in order to illustrate and label them on a given circle. List the properties of parallelogram in order to identify if a given quadrilateral, is a Parallelogram. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply theorems regarding angle subtended by a chord in a circle in order to find the measure of an angle in the given figure. Apply the property of perpendicular from the Centre to the chord in order to solve for the missing values (lengths and angles) in a given figure. Interpret and apply theorems on the angles subtended by arcs of a circle in order to solve for unknown values in given examples. Apply the relation between angles of a cyclic quadrilateral in order to solve for the value of a given angle 	<p>Activity: To show that angle subtended by an arc of a circle at the Centre is twice the angle subtended by it at any point on the remaining part of the circle.</p> <p>Resources:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> E – Modules NCERT textbook of Mathematics Extra Reference Book 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HOTS Applies axiomatic approach and derives proofs of mathematical statements particularly related to circles in order to solve problems using them. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Problem Solving (M. C.Q, Class Quiz) Word Problems Notebook Class Test HOTS (Case study)